

CH20

1. New verbs: -ῦμι (upsilon-athematic). *These must be learned alongside the regular gamma/delta vocab (pp. 64–65, 71).*

(ἀπο/ἐπι)δείκνυμι δείξω ἔδειξα δέδειχα δέδειγμαι ἐ-δείχθην. show, demonstrate, prove. ἐπιδείκνυμαι, **middle**. Show off.

ζεύγνυμι ζεύξω ἔζευξα – ἔζευγμαι ἔζεύχθην/ἐζεύγην. yoke-connect together
 ἀν-οίγνυμι ἀν-οίξω ἀν-έωξα ἀν-έωχα ἀν-έωγμαι ἀν-εώχθην. open (a door, etc.)
 όηγνυμι όήξω ἔρηξα ἔρρηξα ἔρρωγα (intrans. “have broken out”) ἔρραγην. break

2. -μί endings (present system)

	<i>pres. act.</i>	<i>pres. mid.</i>	<i>impf. act</i>	<i>impf. mid.</i>
	indic			
1	-μι	-μαι	-ν	-μην
2	-ς	-σαι	-ς	-σο
3	-σι(ν)	-ται	—	-το
1	-μεν	-μεθα	-μεν	-μεθα
2	-τε	-σθε	-τε	-σθε
3	-ασι(ν)	-νται	-σαν	-ντο
	imperative			
sing	-ε / -θι	-σο		
plur	-τε	-σθε		
	inf.			
	-ναι	-σθαι		
	participle			
τίθημι	τιθείς τιθεῖσα τιθέν τιθέντος	τιθέμενος -η -ον		
δίδωμι	διδούς διδοῦσα διδόν διδόντος	διδόμενος -η -ον		
ἴστημι	ἴστας ίστασα ίστάν ίστάντος	ίστάμενος -η -ον		
δείκνυμι	δεικνύς δεικνῦσα δεικνύν	δεικνύμενος -η -ον		
ἴημι	(see below)			

3. δεικνῦμι, present system.

	<i>pres. act.</i>	<i>pres. mid.</i>	<i>impf. act</i>	<i>impf. mid.</i>
	indic			
1	δείκνυ-μι	δείκνυ-μαι	ἐδείκνυ-ν	ἐδεικνύ-μην (-ῦ-)
2	δείκνυ-ς	δείκνυ-σαι	ἐδείκνυ-ς	ἐδεικνύ-σο
3	δείκνυ-σι(ν)	δείκνυ-ται	ἐδείκνυ	ἐδεικνύ-το
1	δείκνυ-μεν	δείκνυ-μεθα (-ῦ-)	ἐδείκνυ-μεν	ἐδεικνύ-μεθα (-ῦ-)
2	δείκνυ-τε	δείκνυ-σθε	ἐδείκνυ-τε	ἐδεικνύ-σθε
3	δεικνύ-άσι(ν) (-ῦ-)	δείκνυ-νται	ἐδείκνυ-σαν	ἐδεικνύ-ντο
	imperative			
sing	δεικνύ	δείκνυ-σο		
plur	δείκνυ-τε	δείκνυ-σθε		
	inf.			
	δεικνύ-ναι	δείκνυ-σθαι		
	participle			
	δεικνύς, δεικνύσα, δεικνύν	δεικνύμενος, -η, -ον		

☞ δείκνυμι is interesting etymologically. It seems to come from a Proto-Indo-European root *dik-/deik-. Related to δείκνυμι in Greek is δίσκος, “throwing disk,” “discus.” So “throwing” could maybe be seen as a type of “showing” or “indicating” — when you throw, your arm extends as if pointing. Also related is δίκη, “justice,” also a type of “showing.” Related in Latin (but not derived from the Greek!) is *dīcō dīcere*, “I say,” in a sense, “I show/make known through words.” Closer in meaning to the Greek is Latin *dīcō dīcāre*, “proclaim,” “make known” — cf. the compound *indīcō*, “point out,” “indicate,” “show,” “declare.” (Same derivation and meaning, German *ziehen*, “show.”)

More cool stuff: Latin *digitus* “finger” comes from this root (fingers point) and so does English “toe” (toes are feet-fingers). Also, English “teach.”

4. Verbs taking supplementary participles:

λανθάνω, λήσω, ἔλαθον. *Escape notice, make (one) unaware.*

λανθάνω λαμβάνουσα τὸ ἀργύριον.

Literally: *I escape notice taking the money.*

Idionatically: *I take the money unnoticed, I get away with taking the money.*

ό λέων τὸν ποιμένα λανθάνει τὰ πρόβατα ἐσθίων.

Literally: *The lion, eating the sheep, makes the shepherd unaware.*

Idiomatically: *The lion manages to eat the sheep without the shepherd's knowing.*

τυγχάνω, τεύξομαι, ἐτυχον, τετύχηκα. *Happen to.*

τυγχάνω λαμβάνουσα τὸ ἀργύριον.

Literally & idiomatically: *I happen to be taking the money.*

φθάνω, φθήσομαι, ἔφθασα/ἔφθην. *Anticipate.*

φθάνω τὸν Δικαιόπολιν λαμβάνουσα τὸ ἀργύριον.

Literally: *I anticipate D. in taking the money.*

Idiomatically: *I take the money before D. can.*

φαίνομαι, φανοῦμαι, πέφηνα, ἐφάην. *Am evident.*

φαίνομαι λαμβάνουσα τὸ ἀργύριον.

Literally & idiomatically: *I am evidently/clearly/obviously taking the money.*

5. μί-verbs (athematic verbs): ἵημι, “send,” “throw,” etc.

(a) Principal parts (and their irregularities).

1. PRESENT (IMPERFECTIVE) SYSTEM. ἵημι (act.), ἴεμαι (mid/pass).
2. FUTURE. ἵσω
3. AOR. ἵκα etc. (sing. act.), εἵμεν (plur. act.). εἵμην (mid.).
4. PERFECT ACTIVE.
5. PERFECT PASSIVE/MIDDLE. εἵμαι.
6. AORIST PASSIVE. εἵθην.

(b) ἵημι: present system (active, middle-passive)

	pres. act.	pres. mid.	impf. act	impf. mid.
indic.				
1	ἵημι	ἴεμαι	ἵην	ἴέμην
2	ἵης	ἴεσαι	ἵεις	ἴεσο
3	ἵησι(ν)	ἴεται	ίει	ἴετο
1	ἴεμεν	ἴέμεθα	ίεμεν	ἴέμεθα
2	ἴετε	ἴεσθε	ἴετε	ἴεσθε
3	ἴασι(ν)	ἴενται	ἴεσαν	ἴεντο
	imperative			
sing	ἴει	ἴεσο		
plur	ἴετε	ἴεσθε		
	inf.			
	ἴεναι	ἴεσθαι		
	participle			
	ἴεις οἱεῖσα ίέν	ἴέμενος -η -ον		
	ἴεντος			

(c) ἵημι: **aorist** system (active, middle-passive)

	aor. act.	aor. mid.
	indic.	
1	ἥκα	εἴμην
2	ἥκας	εἴσο
3	ἥκε(v)	εἴτο
1	εἴμεν	εἴμεθα
2	εἴτε	εἴσθε
3	είσαν	εἶντο
	imperative	
sing	ἔξ	οὖ
plur	ἔτε	ἔσθε
	inf.	
	εἶναι	ἔσθαι
	participle	
	εῖς εἰσα ἐν ἔντος	ἔμενος -η -ον

6. vocab

(ἀπο)δείκνυμι/-μαι: show, show-off (mid), prove

ἀρέσει μοι ὁ οἶνος (wine).

Literally: *The wine will be pleasing to me.*

Idiomatically: *I shall like the wine.*

from ἀρέσκει, ἀρέσει, ἥρεσε (impersonal), “pleases.”

οἰκτίω, οἰκτιῶ, ὥκτιω. *pity.*

ἡ Μυρρίνη ὥκτιός τὴν παῖδα.

Myrrhine pitied the child.

ἵημι (impf. ἵην) ἥσω ἥκα (aor. plur. εἴμεν) εἴκα εἴμαι εἴθην *send/throw*

ἐφίημι *throw (at)*

ἀφίημι, *let go, release, lose*

ἀφῆκα τὸ ὀρολόγιον (“watch”) *“I lost my watch”*

συνίημι τὸ βιβλίον. *I understand the book. I don't understand the teacher.*