λαλῶμεν ἑλληνιστί! lalōmen hellēnistí! Let's Speak (ancient) Greek!

Άνδρέου τοῦ Άνδρέου *Andréou toũ Andréou* By Andrew son of Andrew



1. How to Use This Document

"Let's speak Greek" is a set of dialogues written in ancient Attic Greek. These written dialogues will form the basis of the kind of spoken small talk ($\lambda \alpha \lambda_i \dot{\alpha}$, $lali\dot{a}$) that we'll engage in over the course of the semester.

Spoken Greek in the classroom is 10% of the participation grade — why? Not so you can order in a restaurant, but

- So that you get a feel for the language and its special features, vocab, endings (something new!), etc
- So that it's not just all an abstract exercise in memorizing and decoding. So that it's something real

This guide should, then, prove useful as reference and for review during and between class meetings.

- This isn't about memorization; you'll always have this document at hand, printed or in a window on your screen
- It's about repetition to help it sink in and to help us feel more at ease
- Take notes, review between classes. Practice saying and reading the Greek. Say it eyes closed. See if
 you can makes sentences of your own from it

How do I assess oral Greek? As with homework and other participation, I want to see that you're putting good faith effort into it. I'm certainly not looking for perfection; we need to give ourselves permission to make mistakes. Lots of mistakes. But we also need to show we're committed to the kind of progress oral Greek aims for.

This document will probably be added to as the semester goes on. At a certain point in the semester, oral Greek prompts may transition mostly to PowerPoints used in class.

2. ὑποκείμεναι λέξεις. hupokeímenai léxeis. Basic Vocabulary

This section provides basic vocabulary: words and expressions frequently encountered in our conversations. Basically, the same suggestion as previous. Don't try to learn it all all at once. Rather, when you hear any of the following used in class, make note of it and review afterwards.

ἆρα; ãra?	[No translation, introduces yes / no question]
ναί nai	Yes
ναίχι naíkhi!	Yes indeed! Oh yes!
μάλιστα málista!	Certainly! You bet! Absolutely!
οὕτως ἔχει hoútōs ékhei	Right! It is thus. It is so.
όρθῶς γε orthỗs ge	Right! (Correctly [you have answered])
οὐ / οὐκ / οὐχ ou / ouk / oukh	No. (Also means "not")
οὐχί oukhí!	Certainly not! No indeed! No!
πότερον; poteron?	[Introduces multiple-choice questions]
ώς οἶμαι (hōs oimai) ώς νομίζω (hōs nomízō) ώς φαίνεται (hōs phaínetai) ώς δοκεῖ (hōs dokeĩ)	As it seems, in my opinion, etc.
ό μαθητής ho mathētḗs	The student (masculine singular)
οὶ μαθηταί hoi mathtaí	The students (masculine plural)
ὧ μαθητά ỗ mathētá	(Hey, there,) student! (masculine singular, to grab attention)

ὧ μαθηταί ỗ mathētaí	(Hey, there,) students! (masculine plural, to grab attention)
ἡ μαθητρίς hē mathētrís	The student (feminine singular)
αί μαθητρίδες hai mathētrídes	The students (feminine plural)
ὧ μαθητρί ỗ mathētrí	(Hey, there,) student! (feminine singular, to grab attention)
ὧ μαθητρίδες ỗ mathētrídes	(Hey, there,) students! (feminine plural, to grab attention)
ὁ / ἡ διδάσκαλος ho/hē didāskalos	the teacher (masculine / feminine)
ὧ διδάσκαλε ỗ didáskale	(Hey, there,) teacher! (masc or fem sing, to grab attention)
εἰπέ <u>eipé</u>	Say! (command, singular, to one person)
εἴπετε eípete	Say! (plural command, to two or more people)
είπὲ / εἴπετε "χαῖρε" eipe / eípete "khaĨre"	Say (sing / plur) "khaĩre"!
αὖθις aũthis	Again
αὖθις εἰπὲ / εἴπετε aũthis eipe / eípete	Say (sing / plur) it again!
εὖ γε eũ ge	Well done!
ἄριστα árista	Super job!
κακῶς kakỗs	Badly
κάκιστα kákista	Really badly

ἀντιβολῶ σε / ὑμᾶς ἀντιβολῶ antibolỗ se / humãs antibolỗ	Please! (lit., "I beseech you, sing / plur)
χάριν σοι ἔχω / χάριν ὑμῖν ἔχω kharin soi ékhō / kharin humĩn ékhō	Thank you! (sing / plur "you")
ἀσμένως asménōs	You're welcome (literally, "gladly," but ancient Greek doesn't actually seem to have had a way to say "you're welcome")
έπαινῶ epainỗ	No thank you (lit, "I praise," as in, "great suggestion, but no thanks")
πῶς λέγεται ἑλληνιστί; pỗs légetai hellēnistí?	How do you say in Greek?
πῶς βούλεται ἀγγλιστί; pỗs bouletai anglistí?	What does mean in English?
συγγνώμην ἔχε / ἔχετε sungnṓmēn ékhe / ékhete	Sorry! (sing / plur)
οὐκ οἶδα ouk oĩda	I don't know

3. προσρήματα, λαλιά. *prosrhēmata, laliā*. Greetings, Small Talk



διδάσκαλος didaskalos (instructor, teacher)	χαίρετε, ὧ μαθηταί τε καὶ μαθητρίδες khaírete, ỗ mathētaí te kai mathētrídes	Greetings, students! (Lit., "Rejoice, students male and students female!")
μαθηταί / μαθητρίδες mathētaí / mathētrídes (students)	χαῖρε, ὧ διδάσκαλε khaĩre, ỗ didáskale	Greetings, teacher! (Lit., "Rejoice, teacher!")
Δ(ιδάσκαλος)	ὧ μαθητά / ὧ μαθητρί ỗ mathētấ / ỗ mathētrí	Student! (masc / fem)

Δ	τί ἐστι τὸ ὄνομά σοι; tí esti to ónomá soi?	What is your name?
Μ(αθητής / μαθητρίς)	τὸ ὄνομά μοί ἐστι(ν) to ónomá moi esti(n)	My name is
Δ	τί ἐστι τὸ ὄνομα αὐτῷ / αὐτῆ; tí esti to ónoma autỗi / autẫi?	What is his / her name?
М	τὸ ὄνομά αὐτῷ/αὐτῆ ἐστι(ν) to ónomá autỗi/autẫi esti(n)	His / her name is
М	καὶ σύ, ὧ διδάσκαλε [·] τί ἐστι τὸ ὄνομά σοι; kaì sú, didáskale; tí esti to ónomá soi?	And you, teacher, what is your name?
Δ	ὧ πῶς ἔχεις τήμερον; ỗ; pỗs ékheis tḗmeron?	! How are you (sing) today?
М	ὧ διδάσκαλε˙ καλῶς / κακῶς / μετρίως ἔχω τήμερον ỗ didáskale; kalỗs / kakỗs / metríōs ékhō tḗmeron.	I'm well / poorly / so-so today.
М	χάριν σοι ἔχω. kharin soi ékhō.	Thank you (sing)!
М	καὶ σύ, ὧ διδάσκαλε [·] πῶς ἔχεις τήμερον; kai sú, ỗ didáskale; pỗs ékheis tḗmeron?	And you, teacher, how are you today?
Δ	καλῶς / κακῶς / μετρίως ἔχω τήμερον. kalỗs / kakỗs / metríōs ékhō témeron.	I'm well / poorly / so-so today!
Δ	χάριν σοι ἔχω kharin soi ékhō.	Thank you (sing)!

Δ	ἡ Μέλιττα / ὁ Φίλιππος πῶς ἔχει τήμερον; hē Mélitta / ho Phílippos pỗs ékheι tếmeron?	How is Melissa / Philip today?
М	ἡ Μέλιττα / ὁ Φίλιππος καλῶς / κακῶς / μετρίως ἔχει τήμερον. hē Mélitta / ho Phílippos kalỗs / kakỗs / metríōs ékhei témeron.	Melissa / Philip is well / poorly / soso today.
Δ	ἔρρωσθε, ὧ μαθηταί τε καὶ μαθητρίδες. érrhosthe, ỗ mathētaí te kai mathētrídes	Goodbye, students!
М	ἔρρωσο, ὧ διδάσκαλε. érrhōso, ỗ didáskale.	Goodbye, teacher!

4. πλείων λαλιά. More Small Talk



Δ	ὧ΄ πῶς ἔχεις;	Hey! How are you?
М	ὧ διδάσκαλε· ἔχω κακῶς.	Hey teacher, I'm not feeling well.
Δ	λυποῦμαι. Τί πάσχεις; πότερον κάμνεις, ἢ βαρύνει (mid) τὴν κεφαλήν, ἢ ἀλγεῖς τὴν γαστήρα, ἢ κατάρρῳ νοσεἶς;	I'm sorry to hear that! What the matter? Are you feeling (generally) ill/tired, or do you have a head ache, or do you have a stomach ache, or do you have a cold?
	, ὧ διδάσκαλε.	I O teacher!
	ὧ, ἐλπίζομέν σε δι᾽ ὀλίγου ἕξειν κάλλιον / ἀναρώσειν.	O, we hope that you feel better / get better soon!
Δ	ὧ΄ τί πράττεις;	! How are you doing? (How are things going for you?)

μαθητής / μαθητρίς	ὧ διδάσκαλε· εὖ πράττω. οὐκ εὖ πράττω. κακῶς πράττω.	Teacher! I'm doing well. Things aren't going well. Things are going badly.
Δ	ὧ, πηλίκος εἶ;	! How old are you?
M	16. ἐκκαίδεκα ἐτῶν εἰμί. 17. ἐπτακαίδεκα ἐτῶν εἰμί 18. ὀκτωκαίδεκα ἐτῶν εἰμί 19. ἐννεακαίδεκα ἐτῶν εἰμί 20. εἴκοσιν ἐτῶν εἰμί 21. ἐνὸς καὶ εἴκοσιν ἐτῶν εἰμί 22. δυοῖν καὶ εἴκοσιν ἐτῶν εἰμί 23. τριῶν καὶ εἴκοσιν ἐτῶν εἰμί 24. τεττάρων καὶ εἴκοσιν ἐτῶν εἰμί 25. πέντε καὶ εἴκοσιν ἐτῶν εἰμί 26. ἔξ καὶ εἴκοσιν ἐτῶν εἰμί 27. ἐπτὰ καὶ εἴκοσιν ἐτῶν εἰμί 28. ὀκτὼ καὶ εἴκοσιν ἐτῶν εἰμί 29. ἐννεὰ καὶ εἴκοσιν ἐτῶν εἰμί 30. τριάκοντα ἐτῶν εἰμί	I am X years old.
М	καὶ σύ, ὧ διδάσκαλε [·] πηλίκος εἶ;	And you, teacher, how old are you?
Δ	γέγονα ἔτη περὶ τετταράκοντα.	I'm about forty. ©
Δ	ὧ πῶς ἕξεις αὔριον;	How will you be feeling tomorrow?
М	 ἔξω καλῶς/κακῶς/μετρίως οὐκ οἶδα, ὧ διδάσκαλε	I'll be well/poorly/middlingI don't know, O teacher!
Δ	τί ποιήσεις αὔριον; πότερον μαθήσει, ἢ ἀναγνώσει, ἢ ἔδεις;	What will you do tomorrow? Will you study, or read, or eat?
М	·	·

5. Διάλογος. Τί ἕφαγες; Dialogue. "What did you eat?"



ment desirated as

Vocab	έσθίω, ἔδω (irreg fut), ἔφαγον (2 nd aor) ἄθλιος, ἄθλιον. ἄθλιε (vocative)	eat poor, wretched. "You poor person!"
Δ	ὧ μαθητρί/μαθητά πῶς ἔχεις;	O student [feminine/masculine]: how are you (feeling)?
М	ὧ διδάσκαλε˙ ἕχω κακῶς.	O teacher, I'm (feeling) poorly!
Δ	ὦ μαθητρί/μαθητά [.] διὰ τί ἔχεις κακῶς;	O student [feminine/masculine]: why are you (feeling) poorly?
М	διότι ἔφαγον ἄγαν.	Because I've eaten too much!
Δ	τί λέγεις, ἄθλιε; τί φαγοῦσα / φαγὼν κακῶς ἔχεις;	You poor person, what are you saying? Having eaten what do you feel poorly? (= "What did you eat to make you feel that way?")
М	άλλ' ὧ διδάσκαλε, φαγοῦσα / φαγὼν πολλοὺς ἄγαν τηγανίτας κακῶς ἔχω.	O teacher! I feel poorly having eaten too many pancakes!

6. οἵκησις, έργασία. Home, Occupation



διδάσκαλος	ὧ μαθητρί/μαθητά τί ἐποίησας χθές; πότερον • ἔμεινας (< μένω) οἵκοι, ἢ • ἀπ-έ-κτεινας (< ἀποκτείνω) τὸν τύραννον, ἢ • ἤγειρας (< ἐγείρω) τοὺς παῖδας;	O student! What did you do yesterday? Did you • stay home, or • kill the tyrant, or • wake up the children?
μαθητής / μαθητρίς	ὦ διδάσκαλε˙ χθὲς	O teacher, yesterday, I

Δ	$\tilde{\omega}$, ἐν τίνι πόλει οἰκεῖς;	! In what city do you live?
М	ὧ διδάσκαλε΄ ἐν τῷ Νέῳ Ἑβοράκωι οἰκῶ. ἐν τῆ Μακρῆ Νήσῳ οἰκῶ. ἐν τῆ Binghamton πόλει οἰκῶ. ἐν οἰκῶ.	Teacher! I live in New York. I live on Long Island. I live in Binghamton. I live in
М	ὧ διδάσκαλε, και σύ	And you, teacher, where do you live?
Δ	ὧ· ἐν τῆ Binghamton πόλει οἰκῶ.	! I live in Binghamton.
Δ	ὧ, <i>πέρυσιν</i> , ἐν τίνι πόλει ώκεις;	! In what city did you live/were you living last year?
M	ὦ διδάσκαλε˙ έν τῷ Νέῳ Ἐβοράκῳ έν τῆ Μακρῆ Νήσῳ. ἐν τῆ Binghamton πόλει ἐν ϣκουν.	Teacher! I lived/was living in New York. on Long Island. in Binghamton. in
М	ὧ διδάσκαλε, και σύ [·] πέρυσιν, ἐν τίνι πόλει οἰκεῖς;	And you, teacher, where did <i>you</i> live last year?
Δ	$\tilde{\omega}$ ἐν τῆ Binghamton πόλει $\dot{\omega}$ κουν.	! I live in Binghamton.
Δ	ὧ · πῶς ἔχεις τήμερον;	! How are you today?
М	ὦ διδάσκαλε· ἔχω κακῶς.	I'm not well, teacher.
Δ	τί πάσχεις;	What's the matter? (Lit., "What are you suffering?")
М	ἔχω κακῶς ἄτε φαγὼν/φαγοῦσα κακόν τι χθές. (ἐπειδὴ κακόν τι ἔφαγον χθές)	I'm not well because of having eaten something bad yesterday (because I've eaten something bad yesterday)
Δ	ὧ πῶς εἶχέ σοι τὰ Χαριστήρια;	! How was your Thanksgiving?
М	ὧ διδάσκαλε˙ εἶχε μοι καλῶς.	It was good, teacher.
Δ	ὧ · τίνος ἐστὶν οὖτος ὁ κάλαμος;	! Whose pen is this?

М	ὦ διδάσκαλε˙ ἔστι ὅδε ἐμός.	This is my pen, teacher.
Δ	καὶ τίνος ἐστὶν ἐκεῖνος ὁ κάλαμος;	And whose pen is that?
М	έκεῖνός ἐστὶ τοῦ Φιλίππου.	hat one's Philip's.
Δ	ὧ, τίνα ἐργασίαν ποιεῖς;	! What work do you do? (What is your occupation?)
Δ	πότερον πονεῖς έν τοῖς ἀγροῖς, ἢ έν οἰνοπωλίω τινι, ἢ σπουδάζεις ἐν τῷ πανεπιστημίῳ;	Do you work in the fields (= on a farm), or in a bar, or do you study at university?
М	ὦ διδάσκαλε [·] ἐν τοῖς ἀγροῖς πονῶ. ἐν οἰνοπωλίῳ πονῶ. σπουδάζως ἐν τῷ πανεπιστημίῳ.	Teacher! I work in the fields. I work in a bar. I study at university.
М	καὶ σύ, ὧ διδάσκαλε, τίνα ἐργασίαν ποιεῖ;	And you, teacher! What work do you do? (What is your occupation?)
Δ	ὧ δαιμόνιε / δαιμονία [.] ἔνδηλος διδάσκων εἶμι.	Why, you strange person; I obviously teach.

7. ὁ ούρανός. σχολή. Weather. Pastimes



Zeus, weather god

Δ	τίνι οὐρανῷ χρώμεθα τήμερον;	What's the weather today?	
М	τήμερον εὐδία χρώμεθα. ἐκλάμπει ὁ ἥλιος. συννεφές ἐστιν. καῦμά ἐστιν. ὕει. νείφει.	Today It's fine weather. The sun is shining. It's cloudy. It's really hot. It's raining. It's showing.	

Δ	σχολῆς οὔσης, τί μάλιστά σοι ἀρέσκει; πότερον σφαίρα παίζειν, ἢ κυβεύειν, ἢ ὑπολογιστικὰς παιδιὰς παίζειν, ἢ φωτογραφεῖν, ἢ ταινίας θεᾶσθαι, ἢ ἀναγιγνώσκειν, ἢ οἶνον πίνειν;	In your free time, what do you especially like to do? To play ball, or To play at dice (gamble), or To play computer/video games, or To take photographs, or To watch films, or To read, or To drink wine?
М	σχολῆς οὔσης, ἀρέσκει μοι μάλιστα	In my free time, I especially like to
М	καὶ σύ, ὧ διδάσκαλε˙ σχολῆς οὔσης, τί μάλιστά σοι ἀρέσκει;	And you, teacher, when you have free time, what do you especially like to do?
Δ	ὧ · πότερον χαίρεις ἢ λυπεῖ τὴν τηλεόρασιν θεωμένη(F)/θεώμενος(M);	O! Are you glad (χαίρεις) or do you regret (ἢ λυπεῖ) watching television?
Δ	ὧ ἆρα οὐ βούλει τὴν τηλεόρασιν θεωμένη(F)/θεώμενος(M) παύεσθαι;	O! Don't you want to stop watching television?
Δ	ὧ ἆρα οὐ ὁρᾶς <u>τὰς</u> παῖδας <u>τὰς</u> τὴν τηλεόρασιν θεωμένας;	O! Don't you see the girls watching television?